Tetrahydrofuran C₄H₈O [CAS No. 109-99-9] OEL-B: Urinary tetrahydrofuran, 2 mg/l Sampling time: End of shift

Summary of OEL-B documentation

Because the biological half-life of tetrahydrofuran (THF) is 118 min, the results from experimental studies and occupational health studies may be considered together. In experimental volunteer exposure studies, a study by Teramoto *et al.*¹⁾ suggested that 0.19 mg/*l* corresponds to occupational THF exposure at 50 ppm. A study by Failing *et al.*²⁾ with a physical load indicated 2.19 mg/*l*. In occupational exposure studies, a study by Ong *et al.*³⁾ indicated a value of 2.22 mg/*l*, and that by Lehnert⁴⁾ indicated 1.13 mg/*l*. The lower value by Teramoto *et al.*¹⁾ may be attributable to the absence of physical load during the exposure. The arithmetic mean of other three values, i.e., 2.19 mg/*l* (by Failing *et al.*²⁾, 2.22 mg/*l* (by Ong *et al.*³⁾) and 1.13 mg/*l* (by Lehnert⁴⁾), is 1.85 mg/*l*. Based on

the mean value, 2 mg/l is proposed as the biological exposure limit that corresponds to THF exposure at 50 ppm.

Year of Proposal (no revision was made regarding OEL-B value): 2014 Year of Proposal: 2007

References

- Teramoto K, Wakitani F, Kageyama M, Horiguchi S. Elimination of tetrahydrofuran in man. Proceedings of the Second Asia-Pacific Symposium on Environmental and Occupational Health 22– 24 July, 1993, Kobe. Kobe University and National University of Singapore. 1994; pp. 177–83.
- Failing A, Knecht U, Woitowitz HJ. DFG biological exposure values for occupational toxicants and carcinogens, vol. 2. VCH, Weinheim 1995; p. 105.
- Ong CN, Chia SE, Phoon WH, Tan TK. Biological monitoring of occupational exposure to tetrahydrofuran. Brit J Ind Med 1991; 48: 616–21.
- 4) Lehnert HCG, 2001. Cited from ACGIH BEI document for tetrahydrofuran, 2001.